

GJETC Outreach, Online event, October 26th, 2023

Developments in the last 12 months | Germany

Manfred Rauschen

Öko-Zentrum NRW (ÖZ)





Changes made to the GEG (Gebäudeenergiegesetz: Building Energy Act)

Obligation for 65 % renewable energy:

- Obligation was implemented, but weakened and linked to municipal heat planning
- GEG will apply from Jan. 1, 2024
- 65% obligation does not apply in large cities until
 mid-2026 and in smaller cities from mid-2028

Mandatory efficiency levels for new buildings:

- New buildings must meet Efficiency House 55
 level as of Jan. 1, 2023
- The planned change to make the **Efficiency House**40 level mandatory from 2025 onwards was
 cancelled, as new construction activity has fallen
 sharply due to high construction prices and
 interest rates





Changes made to BEG (Bundesförderung für effiziente Gebäude: *Federal funding for efficient buildings*)

Revision of the subsidy as of 01.01.2023 has brought many small technical changes, in addition, the bonus for serial refurbishment of an additional 15 percentage points was introduced

Another revision is planned for 01.01.2024, subsidies for renewable heating systems to be significantly increased to up to 70 %, especially for low-income households, and subsidies for renovation of the building envelope to be increased from a maximum of 20 % to up to 30 % for 2 years (to support the construction industry)





Details on subsidies for the replacement of heating systems:

- Basic subsidy of 30 % for all,
- additional climate bonus of 20 or 25 % [still in preparation] for the replacement of particularly inefficient old systems (presumably only for certain residential buildings),
- additional 30 % income bonus for owneroccupiers with up to €40,000 taxable household income

CO₂ price for transport and buildings:

- currently as last year 30 €/t,
- planned increase on 01.01.2023 was suspended due to energy price crisis,
- on 01.01.2024 to be increased to 40 €/t



Thank you for your attention